## Effective Speech Communication

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## Consonant chart

| Manner of Articulation | Place of Artjculation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bilabiaj | Labiodental | Dental | Alveolar | Palatal | Velar | Glottal |
| Stiop |  |  |  | t |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{k} \\ & \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Freatye |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \theta \\ & \partial \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ | $\int$ |  | h |
| Abfifcative |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t} \int \\ & \mathrm{~d} 3 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Nasal | m |  |  | n |  | 1] |  |
| LJGUJ |  |  |  | 1 | r |  |  |
| Glide | W |  |  |  | y |  |  |

Note: the voiceless sounds are in the top part of the box, voiced sounds are in the lower half.

## Manner of Articulation

What happens to the air stream as the sound is articulated

| Name | How the Sound is Pronounced | Example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Stop | *Air stream is blocked completely <br> before it is released <br> *Air stream is compressed and <br> passes through a small opening, <br> creating friction <br> *Combination of a stop followed <br> by a fricative <br> *Air passes through the nose <br> instead of mouth <br> *Air stream moves around the <br> tongue in a relatively <br> unobstructed manner <br> *Sound is close to a vowel | $/ \mathrm{p} /$ |
| Liquid | $/ \mathrm{t} / \mathrm{l} /$ |  |
| Nasative | $/ \mathrm{m} /$ |  |
| Glide |  | $/ \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{y} /$ |

## POINTS OF ARTICULATION

 (from the front of the mouth to the back)| Name | Where the Sound is Pronounced | Example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Bilabial | Two lips together | $/ \mathrm{D} /$ |
| Labiodental | Lower and upper teeth | $/ \mathrm{V} /$ |
| Dental | Tongue tip and inner edge of upper <br> teeth | $/ \theta /$ |
| Alveolar | Tongue tip on tooth ridge | $/ \mathrm{d} /$ |
| Palatal | Body of tongue on hard palate | $/ \mathrm{S} /$ |
| Velar | Back of tongue on soft palate | $/ \mathrm{g} /$ |
| Glottal | Throat passage | $/ \mathrm{h} /$ |

## The phonetic alphabet for English

The consonants of North American English

1. /p/ pat, clap
2. /b/ boy, cab
3. /t/ tan, sit
4. /d/ dog, bed
5. /k/ cry, sick
6. /g/ go, beg
7. /f/ fine, safe
8. /v/ vein, glove
9. / $0 /$ thumb, bath
10. /ð/this, bathe
11. /s/ sun, class
12. /z/ zoo, does
13. /J/ shy, dish
14. /3/ leisure, beige
15. /h/ his, ahead
16. /t $\mathrm{J} / \mathrm{cheek}$, match
17. /d3/ just, bridge
18. $/ \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{me}$, trim
19. /n/ not, van
20. $/ \mathrm{n} /$ sing(er), long
21. /I/ last, ball
22. /r/ rib, tar
23. /w/ win, away
24. /y/ yes, soya

## The phonetic alphabet for English

The vowels of North American English

1. /iy/ bee, seat
2./i/green, fix
2. /ey/ train, gate
3. $/ \varepsilon /$ set, then
4. /æ/ fan, mad
5. /a/ hot, doll
6. /p /taught, walk

## 8. /ow/ code, low

9. /v/ put, book
10. /uw/ boot. threw
11. /ay/ line, fight
12. /aw/ pound, foul
13. />y/ noise, boy
14. / $\Lambda$ / gun, but
15. /3r/ bird, curtain
